REMARKS

Claims 10 and 15 are canceled without prejudice or disclaimer. Claims 1 - 6, 11, and 16 -

41 are withdrawn as a result of the Response to the Restriction Requirement and Response to

Election of Species Requirement filed March 27, 2006.

Claims 7 - 9 and 12 - 14 remain in this patent application for prosecution.

Claims 7 - 9 have been amended in order to more particularly point out, and distinctly claim

the subject matter to which the applicant regards as his invention. It is believed that this Amendment

is fully responsive to the Office Action dated June 2, 2006.

Claims 7 - 10 and 12 - 15 stand provisionally rejected based on non-statutory obviousness-

type double patenting rejection as being unpatentable over claims 1 - 9 of co-pending Application

No. 10/736,547 (hereinafter, "the '547 application"). The applicant respectfully requests

reconsideration of this rejection.

-36-

Response filed September 5, 2006

Reply to OA dated June 2, 2006

The '547 application is directed to a communication-type guidance system, in which

matching mesh information including place information and segment information is sent, as well as

optimum movement route, to a terminal device that is provided with a re-routing means for re-

routing the movement route to a destination using the matching mesh information, thereby reducing

communication load. The '547 application does not disclose one of the primary features of the

applicant's instant claimed subject matter; i.e., the association between a desired feature and

matching mesh information of guidance position corresponding to the feature. The recitation in

 $claim\ 1\ of the\ `547\ application, mentioned\ by\ the\ Examiner, merely\ indicates\ that\ the\ matching\ mesh$ 

information includes segment information representing a road, which by no means suggests

associating a feature with a guidance position for the feature.

In view of the above, the withdrawal of the outstanding provisional rejection based on non-

statutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection as being unpatentable over claims 1 - 9 of the

 $^{\circ}547$  application is in order, and is therefore respectfully solicited.

In addition, claims 7 - 10 and 12 - 15 stand rejected under 35 USC 103(a) based on Nakane

(U.S. Patent Publication No. 2003/0045997) in view of Endo (U.S. Patent Publication No.

2004/0169653). The applicant respectfully requests reconsideration of this rejection.

-37-

The applicant submits that his claimed navigation device, as now recited in the claims submitted herewith, includes: a storage in which an area representing positions of features and guidance positions located on a route for a movable body to be moved at which a guidance for the respective features is provided is divided into sub-areas according to a positional relationship shown in a map so that at most one feature or guidance position is contained in each of the sub-areas, each of the sub-areas being associated with unique mesh information, the storage storing feature guidance information including unique feature information associated with the respective features and the unique mesh information representing one of the sub-areas including the guidance position for the feature, and the unique feature information and the unique mesh information being recorded in plurality of pairs. The claimed navigation device further includes a feature guidance information acquiring section that acquires the feature guidance information read from the storage; a current position information acquiring section that acquires a current position information for a current position of movable body; and a guidance providing section that provides guidance on a feature by recognizing that a movable body is positioned at a guidance position of the feature guidance information based on the acquired feature guidance information and the acquired current position information.

Response filed September 5, 2006

Reply to OA dated June 2, 2006

According to the above-described claimed structural arrangements, since the feature guidance

information recorded with the position information of the guidance information corresponding to a

desired feature as a mesh data is used, guidance can be immediately reported. Further, since only

a small amount of information is necessary for providing the feature guidance information, when the

present invention is applied to a communication-type navigation device, load for transmitting the

data can be reduced.

It is submitted that the above-described claimed structural arrangements are not disclosed in

the cited references. Specifically, Nakane's device is merely for reducing the communication cost

by selectively downloading mesh data necessary for guiding a route. However, Nakane does not

disclose that a predetermined feature and mesh information representing a guidance position for the

feature are recorded in pairs and the mesh information is used for guiding the feature.

In the outstanding Action, the Examiner states (in lines 7 and 8 from the bottom of page 4

of the outstanding Action) "when a movable body (Fig. 1, vehicle 5) is moved to a predetermined

guidance position (the destination)" (emphasis added). Such Examiner's comment however

confuses the guidance position with the destination. It is submitted that the applicant's instant

claimed invention is to provide guidance at a guidance position remote from the feature (destination),

which is <u>not</u> disclosed, expressed or implied, in <u>Nakane</u>.

-39-

Response filed September 5, 2006

Reply to OA dated June 2, 2006

The secondary reference of Endo is merely relied upon by the Examiner for the reasons set

forth in the last full paragraph on page 5 and the first full paragraph on page 6 of the outstanding

Action. However, such teachings by  $\underline{Endo}$  do  $\underline{not}$  supplement the above-discussed deficiencies or

drawbacks in the teachings of Nakane in failing to fully meet the applicant's claimed invention, as

now recited in the claims submitted herewith. Thus, even if arguendo the teachings of the cited

references may be combined in the manner suggested by the Examiner, such combined teachings

would still fall far short in fully meeting the applicant's claimed invention, as now recited in the

claims filed herewith. Accordingly, a person of ordinary skill in the art would <u>not</u> have found the

applicant's claimed invention obvious under 35 USC 103(a) based on the teachings of Nakane in

view of Endo.

In view of the above, the withdrawal of the outstanding obviousness rejection under 35 USC

103(a) based on Nakane (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2003/0045997) in view of Endo (U.S. Patent

Publication No. 2004/0169653) is in order, and is therefore respectfully solicited.

In view of the aforementioned amendments and accompanying remarks, claims, as amended,

are in condition for allowance, which action, at an early date, is requested.

-40-

Response filed September 5, 2006

Reply to OA dated June 2, 2006

If, for any reason, it is felt that this application is not now in condition for allowance, the

Examiner is requested to contact the applicant's undersigned attorney at the telephone number

indicated below to arrange for an interview to expedite the disposition of this case.

In the event that this paper is not timely filed, the applicant respectfully petitions for an

appropriate extension of time. Please charge any fees for such an extension of time and any other

fees which may be due with respect to this paper to Deposit Account No. 01-2340.

Respectfully submitted,

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23850

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